THE N°. 177.

MARYLAND GAZETTE,

Containing the freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

WEDNESDAY, *September* 14, 1748.

AMSTERDAM, May 31.

Extract of a Letter from a Perſon of Diſtinction at Paris, to a Miniſter at the Hague, May 20.

"THE prince of Conti, who ſpeaks his ſentiments very frankly upon all occaſions, is ſo diſſatisfied with the ſigning and purport of the preliminary article, that three or four days ago he ſaid in a public company; 'Morbleu! the ſovereigns of the world are very much to be complained of, when they do not make peace or war from their own judgments, and when they ſuffer themſelves to do either by the direction of their ſecretary. It was certainly our buſineſs to have concluded a peace with her majeſty of Hungary; that would have been gaining a very great point, becauſe the Dutch muſt neceſſarily have come into it without intreaty; and even the Engliſh would have found themſelves obliged to furl their ſails. We ſhould have reaped great advantages from each of thoſe occurences, which muſt infallibly have come to paſs, and the peace would have become general, and as advantageous to the houſe of Bourbon, as glorious to the crown of France. Inſtead of which, as things have been managed, we have ſuffered high diſgrace, ſo great, that was one even to look back to the original of the French monarchy, an event could not be found out more diſhonourable to the nation, than this of ſigning the preliminaries. 'Tis very true, this peace has been very dear bought; 'tis great pity but his majeſty had received the price of it, in order to have indemnified himſelf, and ſuccoured the poor, every body would then have had a ſhare; but all is gone to make a duke of Courland, which does not in the leaſt intereſt any Frenchman. It was certainly too much to ſacrifice more than 464,000 men, and 845 millions of livres, without gaining a ſingle inch of ground for either France or her allies."

Hague, June 4. In the night between Friday and Saturday, the whole province of Friesland roſe up in arms, every body in their own diſtricht. They began their operations by demanding, that the government ſhould be eſtabliſhed upon it's antient footing, and ſuch as it was at the time of the union of Utrecht, and that the farming of taxes ſhould be entirely aboliſhed, to the end that commerce might be free as heretofore, and without monopoly, reſerving to themſelves the liberty of exhibiting their other grievances; and in conſequence of theſe proceedings, they pulled down and deſtroyed all the offices of farmers, and their deputies and clerks, and threw their books of accounts into the ſea and canals, together with the regiſters and other papers, after having torn them in pieces. They inſiſt upon it, that the authority of the gretmans, or bailiffs, who govern their peaſants like ſlaves, ſhall be reduced to it's antient bounds. In ſhort, every body foreſees that they will demand, that the ſucceſſion to the ſtadtholderſhip, which is already hereditary in this province in the male line, ſhall be extended to the females, in the ſame manner as it is ſettled in Holland. It is not doubted but they will ſucceed in all their demands, being aſſured of aſſiſtance from the peaſants of Groeningen.

Turin, May 25. According to the relation of the expedition to Corſica, which the king has received from the chevalier di Cumiana, our troops expected to be maſters of Baſtia by the 22d, ſo that we wait for news from thence with impatience. The Corſicans expreſſed great joy at the landing of our men, and were extremely eager to enter upon action. Calvi is blocked up, and the Genoeſe have not been able to throw any reinforcements into Baſtia, which has only a wall on one ſide without any ditch.

Dantzick, June 2. It is generally believed that the affairs of the North will very ſpeedily take a new and unexpected turn; which will explain ſome engagements that have hitherto been thought very myſterious.

Paris, June 3. There is now a talk of reducing a number of men in each company of our troops, and not breaking any of the corps, becauſe old regiments are more eaſily recruited than new ones raiſed.

Amſterdam, June 9. It is ſaid the Engliſh and Hanoverians will form a camp of 20,000 men, in the neighbourhood of Nimeguen, for the conveniency of proviſions which are making there.

Madrid, May 19. The news of the ſigning the preliminaries, which we received on Friday laſt, cauſed a general joy in this city; but the court did not appear to be thoroughly ſatisfied with certain articles. Madam de Macanas, who went the 3d to Aranjuez with her daughter, in order to throw herſelf at his majeſty's feet, to implore the clemency of his majeſty in favour of her Huſband, had orders immediately to retire, without being permitted to ſpeak to any body, or even to dine at Aranjuez.

Berlin, May 30. The king has ſent the neceſſary inſtructions to count Podewils, his miniſter at Vienna, to agree with the miniſters of the Imperial court upon the execution of the 20th article of the preliminaries, which relates to the general guaranty of the duchy of Sileſia, and the county of Glatz; in conſideration whereof the king will concur with the other contracting parties to renew, in the moſt ſolemn manner, the engagement of the guaranty of the pragmatic ſanction.

Hague, June 14. *N. S.* Private letters from Paris import, that the duke de Hueſcar, the Spaniſh ambaſſador, had received the 5th inſtant a courier from Madrid with important diſpatches, and the next day repaired to Verſailles to make known their contents; that he had a particular audience of his majeſty on the occaſion, and afterwards a conference with the marquis de Puyſieux; that it was certain this meſſenger had brought the deciſive anſwer of his catholic majeſty concerning the preliminary articles of peace, and that it was conceived in ſuch terms as gave great reaſon to hope, that it would be immediately followed by another courier with that monarch's act of acceſſion in his pocket.

June 25, *N. S.* According to private letters from Aix la-chapelle, the French plenipotentiary is returned there from Paris. The ſpeedy acceſſion of Spain to the preliminaries is ſaid to be out of doubt, his catholic majeſty having by letter aſſured the king of France, That, far from retarding a moment the great work of peace, he ſhould concur therein with joy, in a firm perſwaſion that every thing requiſite with regard to the eſtabliſhment for the infant Don Philip would be adjuſted in the ſettling of the general treaty.

Aix-la-Chapelle, June 21, *N. S.* The couriers expected back from Madrid, arrived here the 19th inſtant; and 'tis ſaid the marquis de Soto Mayor, the Spaniſh plenipotentiary, has received ſome favourable news about his catholic majeſty's acceſſion, with which the public will be acquainted in proper time and place.

Paris, June 17, *N. S.* Several ſhips are ſailed from our ports to take poſſeſſion of Louiſburg, in virtue of the reſtitution the king of England has made of Cape-Breton. All the officers of marſhal Belleiſle's army are ſet out by expreſs orders of the court. Tho' this circumſtance ſeems to render the peace problematical, yet the greateſt preparations are making in this city, for expreſſing the joy of the people on the return of a peace.

June 18. The duke de Hueſcar received the day before yeſterday an expreſs from Madrid, with a letter from his catholic majeſty for the king, which he had the honour to deliver into his majeſty's own hand; and at the ſame time his excellency communicated unto the king's miniſters the diſpatches he received by this expreſs. They import, that the king his maſter was ready to accede to the preliminaries, with ſome reſtrictions, which it was thought would not obſtruct the ſpeedy concluſion of a peace. The court ſeems extremely well ſatisfied with the king of Spain's letter; a grand council has been held at Verſailles in the preſence of the king, in which the count de St. Severin

Severin's final instructions were settled, and he is this morning set out for Aix-la chapelle; so that we flatter ourselves that minister will soon be able to give the finishing stroke to the grand and salutary work in hand.

Chambery, June 12. Some letters from Turin mention a marriage is on the point of conclusion between the duke of Savoy, eldest son of his Sardinian majesty, and one of the daughters of France.

Paris, June 21. The king has sent orders to all his ministers in foreign courts, as well as those who reside with the states of the empire, to acknowlege publicly every where the dignity of their Imperial majesties, conformable to what has been agreed upon by the preliminary articles of peace.

Madrid, June 18, *N. S.* All the officers that are here have orders to hold themselves in readiness to set out for the army on the first command, from whence it is presumed that the campaign will take place this year in Italy.

Aix-la Chapelle, June 26. M. Soto Mayor, the Spanish minister, having received orders from his court, as has likewise the marquis Doria, the Genoese minister, to accede purely and simply to the preliminaries for a general pacification, it was agreed by the plen potentiary, that their several acts of accession for the conclusion of that important affair should be signed tomorrow or next day.

LONDON, May 26.

We hear that the French continue to commit hostilities the same as before the cessation, having, as we suppose, got Spanish commissions.

We learn by the last letters from Brussels, that the inhabitants of the Low Countries cannot conceal the extreme joy they feel at the thoughts of returning again under the dominion of the august house of Austria; and that it is observed none seem to be more sincerely affected with the approach of this agreeable change, than those who were most suspected of being inclined to the French interest, and who have now learn'd from dear-bought experience, that intendants, commissaries, purveyors for the camp, and all the numerous rabble of inferior French officers, are so many blood-suckers, that no contributions can satisfy, no remonstrances incline to reason, no spectacles of misery, desolation, and beggary, can move to pity. Such is the change made in the sentiments of those who were formerly the worst subjects of the Austrian government, and such the common distress of the people in general.

According to letters from Rome, the Pretender has had a long conference with the Pope, who communicated to him the preliminary articles, upon the subject of the 14th of those articles, which regards the recognition of his Britannic majesty and his descendents, of both sexes, on the throne of Great-Britain for ever.

Though there is a confirmation that the public articles of the preliminaries are much the same as was at first reported, the public is as much as ever at a loss to know what is contained in the secret articles, of which the number is said to be pretty considerable.

As the military spirit is not yet wasted in the heroes of the present age, tho' it be suddenly suppressed by unexpected pacific measures, it is thought the Summer will be pretty much taken up in encampments of parade, and practices preparatory to the next occasion of taking the field against an enemy.

June 2. It is said that a treaty of commerce and navigation will soon be concluded between this nation and the ports of the king of Prussia; and that every thing seems tending to bring about a perfect union and good harmony between the two courts.

We hear that all the French West-India trade, which has been blocked up in the ports at Martinico and Hispaniola, by the vigilance of our commanders, is expected home in safety some time in August at the farthest, in consequence of the cessation, which takes place in those parts about the middle of July; and in the mean while it is conjectured, there will be a very great intercourse betwixt the Spanish and French ports in America, that the business of the former to Europe may be done by the latter.

June 7. They write from Turin, that the French have propagated certain writings in the duchy of Parma, to invite the inhabitants to join the army, which approaches the frontiers. The people of the Parmesan shew no great inclination to throw themselves into the arms of the French, who have entirely demolish'd a borough near Sarzana, and cut down all the olive trees within cannon shot of this place.

We hear from Paris, that cardinal Tencin affects to be mightily pleased with the approaching peace, and makes no scruple of declaring publicly, that the king his master will religiously observe his word, and not endeavour to expull himself from the success of his arms in any manner whatsoever; and that he will use his good offices to inspire the crown of Spain with the same principles of moderation, provided a settlement is given to the royal infant Don Philip.

On the News of the preliminary Articles being signed at Aix la Chapelle.

STruck with Grief, I scarce believ'd my Eyes——
Is then strong *Maestricht* blown up to the Skies?
Lorrain and *Luxemburg* together dance;
And all to cram insatiable *France*.
Parma, Placentia, Dunkirk,——why not *Britain*?
Cape Breton you give up, nor think our Ba on;
What gallant *Peppe ell* and bold *Warren* earn'd,
At one short Dash *N*——*le*'s Pen return'd.
So fight the Heroes of a Puppet Play,
'Til *Punch* and *Punch*'s Wife kick all away.
Here sure ye stop——nor dare *Gibraltar* name;
Thousands of *English* else may spoil your Game:
'Tis well, ye *B*——— wondrous well and wise——
'Tis *P*———'s Peace, and *French* intriguing Lies;
These have prevail'd:———Now *G*—— equip thy Fleet;
Sail quick to *Br*——, or the *French* you meet.
Methinks already I survey their landing,
Saxe at their Head, and *C*—— o'er *Saxe* commanding:
Methinks they touch the once—— *G*—— *B*——'s Shore,
Defiance hurl, 'til Loyalty's no more;
Rebellion's Standard lifted high for Crowds,
That press to follow, as the Moon the Clouds.
Forbid it, fond, indulgent Heaven, again
This once secure us—— Dash both *France* and *Spain*,
And we may live—— and Peace not be our Bane.

Extract of a Letter from Cadiz, to a Merchant at Rotterdam.

"The joy occasioned by the report of the signing the preliminary articles is hardly to be expressed, but must be easily imagined by those, who like us, were actually exhausted by the continuance of the war. All our hopes and wishes now center in flattering ourselves, that our monarch will extend his fatherly love to his people, by lending a willing hand to the great work of peace, and accede as soon as possible to the articles stipulated for the infant Don Philip.

PHILADELPHIA, August 18.

In pursuance of his majesty's command, signified to the honourable the President and Council of this province, by his grace the duke of Bedford, his majesty's proclamation for a cessation of arms was published here on wednesday last.

By capt. Stamper, from Jamaica, we learn, that a fleet for England of 52 sail, that sailed under convoy of his majesty's ships Aldborough and Warwick, were mostly put back to refit, having met with very bad weather: That the Canterbury, Stafford, Oxford, and Biddeford men of war, were cruising to the westward of Cuba, to intercept a Spanish fleet; and the Lenox and Elizabeth men of war, off of Cape Francois.

From New-York there is advice that the ship Hawk, capt. Vance (mentioned in our last to be taken by Don Pedro) was taken by his consort, the Grand Diable, capt. Osles, who treated the captain and crew very inhumanely for bravely defending themselves: That the privateer, some time before, fell in with the Loo man of war, and struck to her on receiving a broad side; but that Don Pedro appearing the Loo left her, and went after him: That they afterwards fell in with the Trenthler privateer of this place, who taking them for an English privateer, sent an officer with 4 men on board, whom they secured, and set their boat adrift: That the privateer had taken a schooner from this place for Jamaica, commanded by capt. Anthony; also the snow Dumb Eagle, of New-York: That the privateer Fox, capt. Arnold, was arrived there, and had brought in with her a French ship, laden with sugar, coffee, &c. That a Spanish prize snow was likewise arrived there, taken by the Defiance privateer of Bermuda, and the Trelawney galley of Jamaica; which privateers have also taken a Spanish ship and sloop: That capt. Lawson was also arrived there in three weeks from Montserrat, and informs, that about the 19th of last month a snow man of war arrived there from England, having first touched at Antigua, and brought his majesty's proclamation for a general peace with France and Spain, which was proclaimed there the same day, under the discharge of the cannon of the fort: That Cape-Breton is to be delivered up to the French, upon their repaying the charge of taking it: And that two boats had sailed out of Montserrat at noon-day, with a resolution to take the first vessel convenient for them to go a pirating.

There

There is advice by capt. Mefnard, that capt. Condy, of this place, bound to London from Maryland, was taken some time ago by a French privateer: And that the ship Bolton, formerly of this place, and taken in our bay last year, and carried to Hifpaniola, is retaken on her paffage from thence to France, and fent to London.

NEW YORK, Auguft 8.

Extract of a Letter from a Gentleman in Schenectady, *to his Friend in* New York, *dated* July 20, 1748.

"On monday the 18th inftant, Daniel Toll, Dirk Van Vorft, and a negro, went out to Poependal, about three Engliſh miles North of our Town, to fetch their horſes; but not finding them in the paſture, they went into the woods to a place call'd the Clay Pit, where they obſerv'd a number of the enemy, which made them haſten back; but the enemy purſuing fir'd, and kill'd Daniel Toll, and wounded Dirk in his arm, and made him a priſoner; but the negro eſcaped by running away. This firing was heard by ſome people at work at Maalwyck, about two Engliſh miles diſtance, who knowing that Daniel was gone to ſeek his horſes, immediately ſent a meſſenger to town, to acquaint us with it: This happened about 10 o'clock in the forenoon: It was about 12 o'clock when we firſt had notice of it. Our people, with ſome of the new levies poſted here under the command of lieutenant Dearing, of Connecticut, to the number of 70 men, went out towards Poependal: They ſearch'd the fields and paſtures as far as the lands of Simon Groot, but diſcover'd nothing of the enemy: Mean while the negro of Daniel (who was fled) came and told me, that his maſter and Dirk were kill'd near the Clay Pit. I furniſh'd the negro with a horſe immediately, and ſent him to acquaint our people, where his maſter lay dead; which he did, and found about 40 of our men near Poependal, at Abraham De Graaff's houſe, who directly thereupon entr'd the woods with the negro, where they found the body of his maſter. They immediately then perceived a great number of the enemy, and gave them a volley, with a ſhout, at the ſame time diſcharging about one half of their muſquets: Upon this the enemy gave a ſhout, and fir'd a volley upon them. Two or three of our men fled, but the reſt behaved couragiouſly, and fought 'till 18 of them lay dead upon the ſpot (notwithſtanding they found they were ſurrounded by the enemy on every ſide, on the ſpace of about two acres of ground.) Of the inhabitants of Schnectady, 12 are killed and 3 are miſſing; of the levies, 8 are dead, (among whom is lieutenant Dearing,) and 6 are miſſing, in all, 20 killed and 11 miſſing; hope the latter may have the good fortune to be made Captives.

Aſſoon as the battle began, ſeveral people in this place heard the firing; upon which I immediately went out towards them, with about 70 men; About a mile from town I met Dirk Van Vorſt, who had been near four hours a priſoner with the enemy, but had cut his bands looſe, and eſcap'd when the fight with the lieutenant began: He inform'd us, the number of the enemy was about 250 or 260 men, including 40 Frenchmen; that he had counted them thrice while they were eating. He alſo told us, our people had behaved exceeding well: What number of the enemy were kill'd and wounded, he could not juſtly tell, but they were two hours buſy in carrying them away. Our people found one French Indian dead about 300 yards from where the fight happened: I ſuppoſe his comrades could not find him to carry him off. I don't doubt but the enemy have a great many kill'd and wounded, as our men underſtood firing, and made ſeveral vollies. There is but about 9 or 10 men return'd that were in the height of the engagement, and am even ſurpriz'd there are ſo many eſcap'd, inſomuch as the enemy's number were ſuperior to ours by ſix to one. When I with my men came in ſight of Abraham De Graaff's houſe, we found the enemy had ſurrounded it, in order to catch 9 of our men that went out firſt, who had taken refuge there; but they took to their heels as ſoon as they eſpy'd us. We went to the field, where the dead men lay, but as it was near night, and having no waggons with us, we were oblig'd to leave them till next day; when they were fetch'd off.

As this melancholy affair may be related diverſe ways, I ſend you this account to inform you of the truth of it, as near as poſſible I can collect.

ANNAPOLIS.

By late Letters from *London*, we are informed, that the Captains *Judd*, *Brooke*, *Gibſon* and *Chew*, from this Province, were ſafe arrived in *England*.

We are likewiſe informed, that there was a General Ceſſation, and it was expected that there would be a Proclamation of PEACE immediately on his Majeſty's return from *Hanover*. Inſurance hither, was fell to 3 or 3 and half per Cent.

Laſt Friday our Aſſizes began and are not yet ended. Three Men have been Capitally Convicted, but have not yet receiv'd Sentence of Death.

Cuſtom Houſe, ANNAPOLIS, *Entered*,
Sloop Endeavour, Benjamin Ingram, from Rhode Iſland;
Sloop Elizabeth, William Loyal, from Madeira.

Cleared for Departure,
Ship Neptune, Chriſtopher Grindall, for London;
Ship William, Samuel Wood, for London;
Ship Sandwich, James Cawley, for London;
Ship Kent, William Walter, for Bideford;
Ship Sophia, John Lavering, for Biddeford;
Ship Winchelſea, Thomas Corniſh, for London.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

RAN away from the Subſcriber, on the 28th of *Auguſt* laſt, a Servant Man named *Robert Stokes*, between 30 and 40 Years of Age, about five Feet ten Inches high, of a dark Complexion, and wears his own Hair: He had on when he went away an Olnabrigs Jacket, Shirt, and Breeches, a Pair of Country Cloth Breeches, and a Felt Hat.

Whoſoever apprehends the ſaid Servant, and brings him to his Maſter on *Kent* Iſland, ſhall have Twenty Shillings Reward, beſides what the Law allows. PHILIP COPAGE.

TO BE SOLD,

BY the Subſcriber, on the ninth Day of *October* next, at *Bladenſburg*, in *Prince George's* County, a Parcel of likely Slaves, belonging to the Eſtate of the late *Philip Lee*, Eſq; THOMAS LEE, Executor.

RAN away from the Subſcriber, on the 6th of this Inſtant *September*, an *Iriſh* Convict Servant Man, named *Thomas Butler*, about 30 Years old, middle-ſiz'd, of a dark Complexion, much pitted with the Small-Pox, and pretends to know the Buſineſs of a Plaiſterer: He had on when he went away an old Caſtor Hat, a ſhort black Wig, a blue Waiſtcoat, a Check Shirt, and grey cloth Breeches. He may probably attempt to paſs for a Sailor, and believe he was tranſported before, and liv'd on *Rapahannock*, near *Fredericksburg*. He is an impudent Fellow, and ſwears much: His Ankles are mark'd with the Irons he has worn, and have not long been cured.

Whoever will bring the ſaid Fellow to his Maſter at *Bladenſburg*, ſhall have Forty Shillings more than the Law allows. CHRISTOPHER LOWNDES.

TO BE SOLD,

BY the Subſcriber, on Wedneſday the 2d Day of *November* next, at the Town of *Joppa*, in *Baltimore* County, by Way of Public Sale, all the Lands that Mr. *Thomas Lightfoot* died ſeiſed of (except the Land ſold, and given away by Will, by Mr. *John Hammond*, junior). Whoever is inclinable to purchaſe, may be informed of the Rights by JOHN HAMMOND DORSEY.

STolen or Strayed out of the City of *Annapolis*, on Tueſday the 6th of this Inſtant *September*, Two Horſes belonging to Dr. *Charles Carroll*, of the ſaid City: One a ſquat black Horſe, with a Star, ſhod all four, and trimm'd, with a ſwitch Tail, paces well, and marked 3C on the near Shoulder. The other a dark Colour, or browner Black than the former, ſhod all round, trots and gallops, has a ſwitch Tail, and is marked on the near Buttock with the Figure of a Diamond. Whoever ſecures the ſaid Horſes, and brings them to the Subſcriber, ſhall have Five Shillings Reward if found within a Mile from the Town; or if at a greater Diſtance, a Reward ſuitable to the Trouble of ſecuring and bringing them home; paid by C. CARROLL.

RAN away from the Subſcriber, living near Mr. *Snowden's* Iron-Works, on Sunday Night the 28th of *Auguſt* laſt, the two following Servant Men; *viz.*

John Tomlin, a thin Man, of a ruddy Complexion, about ſix Feet high: Had on when he went away, an old Felt Hat, an old red Great Coat, Linnen Trowſers, and old Shoes.

Richard Lawrence, a ſhort Man, appears much like a Sailor, has loſt one of his Eyes, and two of his Fore Teeth: Had on when he went away, a brown Wig, a blue Sea Jacket, and a Pair of Sailor's Trowſers.

Whoever brings the ſaid Servants to the Subſcriber, or to Mr. *Richard Snowden*, ſhall receive Five Pounds Reward. WILLIAM HALL.

To be SOLD,

BY the Subscriber, at his Dwelling House near *Annapolis*, a Parcel of choice Slaves, consisting of Men, Women and Children, for ready Paper Money, at any Time before the 28th Day of this Instant *September*.

RICHARD YOUNG.

THE Subscriber being fully resolved to set out for *Europe* early next Spring, desires all those indebted to him to pay off their respective Debts, or give their Obligations, payable in a reasonable Time, with Security; otherwise they may depend on such Steps being taken as may prove disagreeable: And all those who have any just Demands on him, are desired to bring in their Accompts that they may be paid.

WILLIAM DAMES.

THE Subscriber has a Tract of Land, situate on *Chester* River, about a Mile from *Chester-Town*, containing 300 Acres, about 70 of which is cleared, and within a good Fence, and Liberty to clear any Quantity under 30 Acres more, a Place remarkably good for Grain and Stock; which he inclines to rent out, either with or without Hands, working Horses, Plantation Tools, Stock, &c. now on said Plantation.

WILLIAM DAMES.

Dorchester County, Hunting-Creek.

A Quantity of fine *Jesuits Bark* to be Sold cheap, by the Subscriber, either by Wholesale or Retail, for ready Bills of Exchange or Paper Money, with Allowance to them that take by the Scron, by CHARLES DICKINSON.

Just imported in the Snow Choptank, Edward Barnes *Master*, *now lying at* Oxford,

A Quantity of white Salt, and other *European* Goods, to be Sold for ready Money, at reasonable Rates.

THE Subscriber has received from Mr. *Joseph Adams*, Copies of Charter-Parties for two Ships, one of which is designed for *Patuxent*, the other for *Patapsco* River, at the current Freight that shall be given at the Time of their Loading in said Rivers, and is informed by Captains *Spencer* and *Jerman* that the above mentioned Ships sail'd from *Gibraltar* for *Port Mahon* about the 24th of *May* last, and may be now daily expected; of which he has thought proper in this Manner to advise Mr. *Adams*'s Friends, hoping they will reserve what Tobacco they have left, for them.

SAMUEL GALLOWAY.

BLOCKS for Prizes, of all sorts, made and sold by the Subscriber, Blockmaker, at the Topsail sheet Block in *Annapolis*.

THOMAS FLEMING.

N. B. The said *Fleming* has already engag'd to supply the Inspection Houses in several Counties, with Blocks, and is ready and willing to supply any others, that may apply to him for them, in the best and cheapest Manner.

TO be Sold, by the Subscriber, the following Tracts of Land, *viz. The Hermitage*, containing 873 Acres; *Hopkins's Folly*, 100 Acres, and *Simmons's Delight*, 300 Acres, all lying in *Prince George's* County; for Sterling, Bills of Exchange, or Paper, and Credit will be given on good Security.

BENEDICT CALVERT.

RAN-away on the 22d of *August* from the Subscriber, in the City of *Annapolis*, an English Convict Servant Man, named *Vincent Simmons*, a Shoemaker by Trade, about 28 Years of Age, pale-fac'd, is very much pitted with the Small Pox, has a very roguish Look, and limps a little, occasioned by a Hurt in one of his Knees. He had on when he went away, a white Cotton Jacket, very greasy behind, with Leather Buttons; a black Leather Stock, with a Steel Buckle; an Osnabrigs Shirt and Trowsers; a pair of red Gingham Breeches; a dark grizzle Wig, and a new Felt Hat. He formerly belong'd to Dr. *Ross* of *Bladensburg*, and has got Shoemaker's Tools with him.

Whoever secures the said Servant, so as his Master may have him again, shall have *Forty Shillings* Reward, of the Currency where taken, besides what the Law allows.

THOMAS KING.

RAN-away from the Subscriber, on the 16th of *August*, a Convict Servant Man named *Robert Millby* alias *Willoughby*, was born in *Ireland*, and is a Weaver by Trade, he has been several Years a Dragoon in Lord *Stair*'s Regiment, and appears very much like a Soldier; he has sandy Hair, which he generally ty'd behind him; is about five Foot ten Inches high, well set, full fac'd, of a ruddy Complexion, and a little mark'd with the Small Pox; he is much addicted to Boasting, and telling of Lies, especially as to his Performances in *Flanders*; and loves Liquor. He went away in a brown close bodied Cloth Riding Coat, and stole a Stallion, which he left in the Woods, that I have since got; as likewise a fine large bright Roan Mare, paces extremely easy and soft, and suckles a Colt branded on the near Shoulder and Buttock thus, L W. He also took with him a new Soldiers Musket, three Hunting Saddles, and a pair of Sheets. He went off in Company with a Servant Man belonging to Mr. *Darrell* of *Fairfax* County; he is a well set Man, about five Feet five Inches high, and is an Irishman, but his Name unknown. 4

Whoever takes up the said Servant, so that he may be brought to Justice, shall have *Five Pounds* Reward, and for the Mare *Three Pounds*, and so proportionably for the Saddles. One of the Saddles is a large new Hunting Saddle, and has a large green Cloth Housing, bound round with scollop'd Leather. I also engage *Three Pistoles* for taking the other Servant of Mr. *Darrell*'s. *Millby* was bought first by Mr. *Blackstone*, of *St. Mary's* County, where his Behaviour was too notorious not to be well known.

LAWRENCE WASHINGTON.

LATELY taken up, and committed to the Custody of the Sheriff of *Calvert* County, a Negro Fellow, who says his Name is *Will*, and that he belongs to *William Avery*, who lives near *New-Town*. He is an elderly Fellow, and of small Stature. 5

His Master may have him again, by applying to the said Sheriff, and paying Charges.

THE Subscriber having now resigned the Business of Ordinary-keeping to *John Runsburg*, according to a former Advertisement, desires all Persons indebted to her to discharge their Accompts immediately, or else to give Notes for the same, which will prevent Trouble to themselves, and to 7

Their humble Servant,

MARY FRAZIER.

JUST IMPORTED from LONDON,

VARIETY of *European* and *India* Goods, to be sold cheap, by Wholesale or Retale, for ready Bills, Tobacco, Current Money, good clean Barley at 3*s*3 per Bushel, Wheat at 4*s*. Indian Corn at 2*s*3. Flour, or Ship Bread. 6

The Subscriber can furnish any Person with good LONDON CROWN GLASS of any Size, Paint, Oil, &c. and send to their Houses to do either Painting or Glazing.

PATRICK CREAGH.

THE Ferry across the Bay, from *Kent* Island to *Annapolis*, formerly kept by Mr. *Kirby*, (who has resign'd it) is now kept by the Subscriber at the same Place; and all Gentlemen and others may depend on good Boats, skilful Hands, and good Entertainment for themselves and Horses, from 7

Their humble Servant,

JAMES HUCHESON.

JUST PUBLISHED,

And to be Sold at the Printing-Office in Charles-Street,

(Price *Three Shillings and Six Pence*)

THE LAWS made and passed at the last Session of Assembly of this Province.

JUST IMPORTED, in the Ship Ruby, *Capt.* Bailey, *and to be Sold by the Subscriber at his Store at* Nottingham *on* Patuxent *River*, X 12

ALL Sorts of *East-India*, and *European* Goods, at reasonable Rates, for Bills of Exchange, Current Money, or heavy Tobacco.

Also Imported in the Schooner *Polly*, Capt. *Buskell*, from *Barbadoes*, a Parcel of Rum and Sugar.

JAMES RUSSELL.

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